

Peng–Robinson EOS @model

@wikipedia

One of the cubic equations of real gas state defining the Compressibility factor $Z(p, T)$ as a function of fluid pressure p and fluid temperature T :

(1) $Z^3 - (1 - B)Z^2 + (A - 2B - 3B^2)Z - (AB - B^2 - B^3) = 0$	
(2) $A = 0.45724 \cdot \alpha \cdot \frac{p_r}{T_r^2}$	(3) $B = 0.07780 \cdot \frac{p_r}{T_r}$
(4) $\alpha = (1 + \kappa(1 - T_r^{0.5}))^2$	(5) $\kappa = 0.37464 + 1.54226\omega - 0.26992\omega^2$

where

Z	Compressibility factor	p_c	Critical pressure
p	Fluid pressure	T_c	Critical temperature
T	Fluid temperature	$p_r = p/p_c$	Reduced pressure
R	Gas constant	$T_r = T/T_c$	Reduced temperature
ω	Acentric factor		

Once compressibility Z-factor $Z(p, T)$ is known the fluid density ρ can be calculated as:

$$(6) \quad \rho(p, T) = \frac{1}{Z(p, T)} \cdot \frac{M}{R} \cdot \frac{p}{T}$$

where

M	fluid molar mass
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See also

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[[Real Gas](#)]

Reference

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